## MYP 4 Course overview 2025/2026

## **PHYSICS**

Unit title	Key concept	Related concepts	Global context	Statement of inquiry	Objectives	ATL skills	Content
THE SCIENCE OF PHYSICS Sep – Nov Special: CERN - community	Communication	Form Evidence	Personal and cultural expression	Because of the necessary communication, the results of a scientific investigation should be presented using specific forms of expression, allowing evidence for all steps of the scientific method, including given precisions.	A ii B i, ii, iii, iv C i, ii, iii, iv, v D iii	Communication Understand and use mathematical notation Structure information in reports Self-management Keep an organized notebook Meet deadlines Thinking Interpret data Draw reasonable conclusions and generalizations Research Collect, record and verify data Process data and report results	Disciplinary knowledge Physical quantities and measuring units and their symbols Measuring Power of ten shorthand and scientific notation Significant figures Applying statistics to data processing Scientific method Disciplinary skills Converting units Applying scientific method Data processing Writing scientific report Attitudes Performance in experiment
FORCES Nov - Feb Special: Black holes	Relationships	Interaction Patterns	Scientific and technical innovation	Understanding interactions in nature and underlying mathematical patterns describing relevant relationships allows scientific and technical innovations.	A i, ii, iii  B i, ii, iii, iv  C i, ii, iii, iv, v	Communication Understand and use mathematical notation Organize and depict information logically Thinking Interpret data Apply skills and knowledge in unfamiliar situations Research Collect, record and verify data Process data and report results Social Listen actively to other perspectives and ideas	Disciplinary knowledge Concept of force 1st and 3rd Newton's law Examples of forces and their properties (gravity, weight, friction, elastic force) Adding and resolving forces Disciplinary skills Drawing and interpreting graphs and diagrams Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems Attitudes Performance in experiment Connecting knowledge with everyday life

MOTION Feb - Apr Special: Motion in time	Connections	Movement Patterns	Orientation in space and time	Movement implies orientation in space and time, for which the understanding of their connection patterns is essential.	A i, ii, iii	Communication Understand and use mathematical language Thinking Apply skills and knowledge in unfamiliar situations Interpret data Draw reasonable conclusions and generalizations	Disciplinary knowledge Newton's laws Speed, velocity and acceleration Equations of motion 2D motion Disciplinary skills Drawing and transforming motion graphs from one to another Applying different communication modes (text, graphs, formulae) Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems Attitudes Connecting knowledge with everyday life Appreciating academic honesty
WORK AND ENERGY May - Jun	Change	Energy Form	Globalization and sustainability	Many forms of energy can be changed into the form usable for us in everyday life, but we should be aware of sustainability.	D i, ii, iv	Communication Understand and use mathematical language Structure information in essays Make inferences and draw conclusions Thinking Propose and evaluate a variety of solutions Research Seek a range of perspectives from multiple and varied sources Create references and citations, construct a bibliography according to recognized conventions Social Consider ethical, cultural and environmental implications	Disciplinary knowledge Concept of work and energy Potential and kinetic energy Disciplinary skills Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems Attitudes Connecting knowledge with everyday life Responsibility and integrity

## MYP 5 Course overview 2025/2026

## **PHYSICS**

Unit title	Key concept	Related concepts	Global context	Statement of inquiry	Objective s	ATL skills	Content
ENERGY, WORK AND POWER  Sep - Oct Special: Dark energy	Form	Energy Transformation	Globalization and sustainability	The total amount of energy in a closed system is conserved, though limited - it can only be a subject of transformation and change of form, so we have to seriously consider sustainability at the global level.	A i, ii, iii, iv  D i, ii, iii, iv	Communication Understand and use mathematical language Structure information in essays Make inferences and draw conclusions Thinking Propose and evaluate a variety of solutions Research Seek a range of perspectives from multiple and varied sources Create references and citations, use footnotes/endnotes and construct a bibliography according to recognized conventions Social Consider ethical, cultural and environmental implications	Disciplinary knowledge Energy in different systems Conservation laws Power and efficiency Disciplinary skills Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems Attitudes Connecting knowledge with everyday life Responsibility and integrity

PRESSURE Oct – Jan Special: Antimatter	Development	Evidence Transformation	Scientific and technical innovation	Evidence can be provided that development through scientific and technical inovation can cause the transformation of the society.	A i, ii, iii  B i, ii, iii, iv  C i, ii, iii, iv,  v  D iii	Communication Understand and use mathematical notation Structure information in reports Thinking Apply skills and knowledge in unfamiliar situations Research Collect, record and verify data Process data and report results	Disciplinary knowledge and understanding Pressure Atmospheric, hydrostatic and hydraulic pressure Buoyancy, floating and sinking Simple hydrodynamics Disciplinary skills Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems Attitudes Performance in experiment Connecting knowledge to everyday life
HEAT AND THERMAL EFFECTS  Jan – Mar  Special: Least energy, least action and least order – it is not our fault	Relationships	Consequences Development	Scientific and technical innovation	Understanding of relationships among relevant variables may have huge consequences on modernisation, industrialization and development of the whole world.	A i, ii, iii  B i, ii, iii, iv  C i, ii, iii, iv, v	Communication Organize and depict information logically Thinking Draw reasonable conclusions and generalizations Research Collect and analyse data to identify solutions Social Consider ethical, cultural and environmental implications	Disciplinary knowledge and understanding Internal energy, temperature and heat Heat transfer The gas laws Laws of thermodynamics Cyclic processes and heat engine Disciplinary skills Transforming graphs Applying different communication modes (text, sketches, graphs, formulae) Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems Attitudes Connecting knowledge to everyday life Responsibility and integrity

WAVES  Mar – May  Special: Waves and quantum mechanics	Perspective	Patterns Evidence	Scientific and technical innovations	The innovative scientific idea that the same patterns of behaviour can be evident for apparently different phenomena has opened the new perspectives in science and allowed the same phenomenon to be looked at from different perpectives.	A i, ii, iii  D i, ii, iii, iv	Communication Understand and use mathematical language and various communication modes Find information for disciplinary and interdisciplinary inquiries, using a variety of media Structure information in essays  Thinking Practise observing carefully Draw reasonable conclusions and generalizations Make connections between subject groups and disciplines  Research Locate, organize, analyse, evaluate, synthesize and ethically use information from a variety of sources and media	Disciplinary knowledge and understanding Origin and propagation of waves Describing waves: wavelength and frequency Reflection and refraction Diffraction and interference Light as a wave The Magic of Sound: Properties of sound (light) waves Speed of sound (light) Level of intensity of sound (light) Acoustics (geometrical optics) Standing waves and resonance (wave optics) Musical instruments (optical instruments)  Disciplinary skills Visualisation of physical phenomena using mathematical techniques Applying knowledge on numerical and practical problems  Attitudes Connecting knowledge to everyday life Realizing the identity between mathematical and physical models
ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRO- MAGNETISM (optional) May – Jun Special:	Development	Consequences Environment	Globalization and sustainability	Development has deeply changed our lives, having good and bad consequences on ourselves and our sustainable natural and social environment.	D i, ii, iii, iv	Communication Make inferences and draw conclusions  Thinking Practise observing carefully	Disciplinary knowledge and understanding Electric charge, potential and field Voltage, current and electric circuits Electric energy and power Magnets and magnetic fields

Positive and negative, left and right			Draw reasonable conclusions and generalizations	Magnetic effect of a current and electromagnetic induction Electric motors and generators
			Research Locate, organize, analyse, evaluate, synthesize and ethically use information from a variety of sources and media	Disciplinary skills Applying knowledge on practical problems Attitudes Connecting knowledge with everyday life Responsibility and integrity